## Fort Drum Transitioning Soldiers Workforce Survey <br> $\rightarrow$ Personal Job Interests <br> $\rightarrow$ Prioritized Characteristics of Future Jobs <br> $\rightarrow$ Future Plans - Employment and/or Education <br> $\rightarrow$ Future Plans - Remaining in the North Country <br> $\rightarrow$ Perceived Availability of Opportunities in North Country <br> $\rightarrow$ Perceived Quality of Opportunities in North Country <br> $\rightarrow$ Concerns with Future Civilian Career Transition <br> $\rightarrow$ Familiarity with Transitioning Soldiers Programs <br> $\rightarrow$ Helpfullness of Fort Drum Transitioning Soldiers Program

Fort Drum (New York)
October - November, 2021

# Presentation of Study Findings 

Prepared by the Fort Drum Regional Health Planning Organization Watertown, New York


Prepared on behalf of the
Transition and Employment Assistance Program
Fort Drum, New York

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## Section 1

> Overview of the Study

## The Goals of this Study

During October-November 2021 the Fort Drum Regional Health Planning Organization (FDRHPO) completed a study of workforce-related issues among soldiers who were transitioning from the military at Fort Drum, New York to civilian life. FDRHPO collaborated with the Fort Drum Transition and Employment Assistance Program to complete a survey that included 242 participants who were each soldiers who were soon leaving active military service.

FDRHPO is a nonprofit organization located in Watertown, New York whose mission includes working on initiatives to strengthen the system for health - for civilians and soldiers alike. Workforce is one of our many initiatives and this survey specifically addresses a soldier's transition into both civilian life and the civilian workforce. A goal of the survey study is to learn more about the experience of transitioning soldiers to take action towards:

1. Strengthening local connections,
2. Improving current services, and
3. Understanding the unique needs of soldiers as they transition from the military.

Specifically, the survey instrument is designed with the following nine sections of survey questions (transitionrelated items):

1. Personal Job Interests
2. Prioritized Characteristics of Future Jobs
3. Future Plans - Employment and/or Education
4. Future Plans - Remaining in the North Country
5. Perceived Availability of Opportunities in North Country
6. Perceived Quality of Opportunities in North Country
7. Concerns with Future Civilian Career Transition
8. Familiarity with Transitioning Soldiers Programs
9. Helpfulness of Fort Drum Transitioning Soldiers Program

## Section 2

Methodology
The survey was administered online to all 242 soldiers who were exiting active military service within the next 10 days from Fort Drum and were participating in activities and services provided by the Fort Drum Transition Assistance Program. The survey was delivered on post during the period spanning October 14, 2021 through November 15, 2021.

The survey was available via a weblink at computers that were at the Transitioning Soldiers Program on post. Participants completed the survey online at the TAP offices on these computers. No participant rewards, neither preincentives nor post-incentives, were used for recruitment in this study.

The data was not weighted. The study has an overall margin of error of estimation of $\pm 5.0 \%$ if this sample of $n=242$ participating soldiers in the autumn of 2021 is considered a representative sample of the population of all transitioning soldiers from Fort Drum.

In accordance with the American Association of Public Opinion Research (AAPOR) Transparency Initiative pledge the following details and disclosure for the online surveying employed in this study, including the following characteristics and facts, should be considered by any reader (although FDRHPO is not currently a member of the AAPOR Transparency Initiative, they support and ascribe to the AAPOR recommendations):

1. (T) Dates of Data Collection: October 14, 2021 through November 15, 2021.
2. (R) Recruitment: All soldiers who were exiting active military service from Fort Drum and were participating in activities and services provided by the Transitioning Soldiers Program on post during the period spanning October 14, 2021 through November 15, 2021 were recruited to complete the survey.
3. (A) Population Under Study: All soldiers who exit active military service from Fort Drum and participate in activities and services provided by the Transitioning Soldiers Program.
4. (N) List Source: There is no source list from which a sample was randomly drawn in this study.
5. (S) Sampling Design: This study did not utilize sampling from a group. All participants completed the survey during the one-month time frame.
6. (P) Population Sampling Frame: This study did not utilize sampling from a group. All participants completed the survey during the one-month time frame.
7. (A) Administration: Survey administered online from computers housed at the Transitioning Soldiers Program on post, using SurveyMonkey.
8. (R) Researchers: The study was completed by the Fort Drum Regional Health Planning Organization.
9. (E) Exact Wording of Survey: The survey instrument is attached as an appendix.
10. (N) Sample Sizes: As is discussed in much greater detail for this study in the following pages, $n=242$ overall for the study, with an overall average margin of error of $\pm 5.0 \%$, not including any design effect due to no data weighting completed.
11. (C) Calculation of Weights: No weighting was applied to the survey data.
12. (Y) Contact Information: Ms. Megan Donato, Data Analyst, FDRHPO, contact information on page 3.

Table 1 on the following page summarizes the characteristics of the sample of 242 transitioning soldiers who were surveyed using the above methodology.

## The Characteristics of this Study Sample

Table 1 $\quad$ The Characteristics of this Study Sample of Transitioning Soldier Participants

|  | Frequency | Percentage |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Age Group |  |  |
| Age 18-21 | 57 | 25\% |
| Age 22-26 | 97 | 43\% |
| Age 27-36 | 57 | 25\% |
| Age 37+ | 16 | 7\% |
| Educational Attainment |  |  |
| High School, GED, or less | 131 | 58\% |
| Some College, No Degree | 66 | 29\% |
| 2-Year Degree | 12 | 5\% |
| 4-Year Degree | 17 | 8\% |
| Graduate Degree | 1 | 0\% |
| Gender |  |  |
| Male | 200 | 89\% |
| Female | 25 | 11\% |
| Non-binary | 1 | 0\% |
| Fort Drum Station |  |  |
| FD is first station | 159 | 70\% |
| FD is second station | 35 | 16\% |
| FD is third station | 15 | 7\% |
| FD is fourth+ station | 17 | 7\% |
| Longevity - how long at Fort Drum? |  |  |
| $<6$ months | 2 | 1\% |
| 6-12 months | 9 | 4\% |
| 12+ months | 216 | 95\% |
| Total Sample Size | 242 | 100\% |

## Generalizability and the Margin of Error - Constructing Confidence Intervals

If the group of 242 transitioning soldiers completing surveys at the Transitioning Soldiers Program on Fort Drum between October 14, 2021 and November 15, 2021 as a part of this study is considered as a sample that represents the population of all transitioning soldiers from Fort Drum, then the data reported in this study for the entire group of $\mathrm{n}=242$ participants will have an average margin of error of approximately $\pm 5.0 \%$, using a $95 \%$ confidence level. If investigating the results for subgroups (for example, only the subgroup of exiting soldiers who are age 18-21) then the margins of error will be larger due to smaller individual within-subgroup sample sizes.

Note that technically there is not one universal value of a margin of error that can be precisely calculated and used for the results for every question included in this survey, or for that matter, any multiple-question survey. Calculation methods used for generating a very precise measurement of the margin of error depend upon four factors. (1) The sample size is the number of participants who validly answered the survey question. In general, the smaller the sample size the larger the margin of error, and conversely, the larger the sample size the smaller the margin of error. (2) The sample proportion or percentage is the calculated percentage of the sample who responded with the answer or category of interest. This percentage can vary from $0 \%-100 \%$, and, of course, will change from question to question throughout the survey. In general, the further that a sample percentage varies from $50 \%$, in either direction (approaching either $0 \%$ or $100 \%$ ), the smaller the margin of error, and conversely, the closer that the actual sample percentage is to $50 \%$ then the larger the resulting margin of error. (3) The confidence leve/ used in generalizing the results of the sample to the population that the sample represented. In this study, the standard confidence level used in survey research, 95\% confidence level, will be used for all survey questions. (4) The design effect (DEFF) is a factor used in the calculation of the margin of error that compensates for the impact upon the size of the margin of error that having a sample whose demographic distributions do not well-parallel the distributions of the entire population that the sampling is attempting to represent. In general, the further that the sample demographic distributions deviate from the population distributions then the larger the margin of error, and conversely, the closer that the sample demographic distributions parallel the population distributions then the smaller the margin of error. Essentially the design effect reflects the magnitude of the impact that reliance upon weighting of sample results will have upon the reliability of population estimates. Not that since the survey data in this study is unweighted the resulting margins of error reported throughout this report will not be calculated incorporating this fourth component of the design effect.

In mathematical notation, the margin of error (ME) for each sample result for this study would be represented as:

$$
M E=1.96 \cdot \sqrt{\frac{p(100-p)}{n}}
$$

Where $n=$ sample size $=\#$ valid responses to the survey question, $N=$ population size,
$p=s a m p l e ~ p e r c e n t a g e ~ f o r ~ t h e ~ s u r v e y ~ q u e s t i o n ~(b e t w e e n ~ 0 \%-100 \%), ~ a n d ~$
$1.96=$ the standard normal score associated with the $95 \%$ confidence level
Since subgroups of different sample size will be investigated throughout this report, and the sample percentage varies throughout this study (could conceivably be different for every question included in the survey) the following table (Table 2 on the next page) has been provided for the reader to determine the correct margin of error to use whenever constructing a confidence interval using the sample data presented in this study. This table was generated using the ME formula shown above.

| Table 2 | Margin of Error for Varying Sample Sizes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Varying Sample Sizes ( $\mathrm{n}=\ldots$ ) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Varying } \\ \text { Sample \%'s: } \end{gathered}$ | 25 | 50 | 75 | 100 | 125 | 150 | 175 | 200 | 225 | 242 |
|  | 2\% | 5.5\% | 3.9\% | 3.2\% | 2.7\% | 2.5\% | 2.2\% | 2.1\% | 1.9\% | 1.8\% | 1.8\% |
|  | 4\% | 7.7\% | 5.4\% | 4.4\% | 3.8\% | 3.4\% | 3.1\% | 2.9\% | 2.7\% | 2.6\% | 2.5\% |
|  | 6\% | 9.3\% | 6.6\% | 5.4\% | 4.7\% | 4.2\% | 3.8\% | 3.5\% | 3.3\% | 3.1\% | 3.0\% |
|  | 8\% | 10.6\% | 7.5\% | 6.1\% | 5.3\% | 4.8\% | 4.3\% | 4.0\% | 3.8\% | 3.5\% | 3.4\% |
|  | 10\% | 11.8\% | 8.3\% | 6.8\% | 5.9\% | 5.3\% | 4.8\% | 4.4\% | 4.2\% | 3.9\% | 3.8\% |
|  | 12\% | 12.7\% | 9.0\% | 7.4\% | 6.4\% | 5.7\% | 5.2\% | 4.8\% | 4.5\% | 4.2\% | 4.1\% |
|  | 14\% | 13.6\% | 9.6\% | 7.9\% | 6.8\% | 6.1\% | 5.6\% | 5.1\% | 4.8\% | 4.5\% | 4.4\% |
|  | 16\% | 14.4\% | 10.2\% | 8.3\% | 7.2\% | 6.4\% | 5.9\% | 5.4\% | 5.1\% | 4.8\% | 4.6\% |
|  | 18\% | 15.1\% | 10.6\% | 8.7\% | 7.5\% | 6.7\% | 6.1\% | 5.7\% | 5.3\% | 5.0\% | 4.8\% |
|  | 20\% | 15.7\% | 11.1\% | 9.1\% | 7.8\% | 7.0\% | 6.4\% | 5.9\% | 5.5\% | 5.2\% | 5.0\% |
|  | 22\% | 16.2\% | 11.5\% | 9.4\% | 8.1\% | 7.3\% | 6.6\% | 6.1\% | 5.7\% | 5.4\% | 5.2\% |
|  | 24\% | 16.7\% | 11.8\% | 9.7\% | 8.4\% | 7.5\% | 6.8\% | 6.3\% | 5.9\% | 5.6\% | 5.4\% |
|  | 26\% | 17.2\% | 12.2\% | 9.9\% | 8.6\% | 7.7\% | 7.0\% | 6.5\% | 6.1\% | 5.7\% | 5.5\% |
|  | 28\% | 17.6\% | 12.4\% | 10.2\% | 8.8\% | 7.9\% | 7.2\% | 6.7\% | 6.2\% | 5.9\% | 5.7\% |
|  | 30\% | 18.0\% | 12.7\% | 10.4\% | 9.0\% | 8.0\% | 7.3\% | 6.8\% | 6.4\% | 6.0\% | 5.8\% |
|  | 32\% | 18.3\% | 12.9\% | 10.6\% | 9.1\% | 8.2\% | 7.5\% | 6.9\% | 6.5\% | 6.1\% | 5.9\% |
|  | 34\% | 18.6\% | 13.1\% | 10.7\% | 9.3\% | 8.3\% | 7.6\% | 7.0\% | 6.6\% | 6.2\% | 6.0\% |
|  | 36\% | 18.8\% | 13.3\% | 10.9\% | 9.4\% | 8.4\% | 7.7\% | 7.1\% | 6.7\% | 6.3\% | 6.0\% |
|  | 38\% | 19.0\% | 13.5\% | 11.0\% | 9.5\% | 8.5\% | 7.8\% | 7.2\% | 6.7\% | 6.3\% | 6.1\% |
|  | 40\% | 19.2\% | 13.6\% | 11.1\% | 9.6\% | 8.6\% | 7.8\% | 7.3\% | 6.8\% | 6.4\% | 6.2\% |
|  | 42\% | 19.3\% | 13.7\% | 11.2\% | 9.7\% | 8.7\% | 7.9\% | 7.3\% | 6.8\% | 6.4\% | 6.2\% |
|  | 44\% | 19.5\% | 13.8\% | 11.2\% | 9.7\% | 8.7\% | 7.9\% | 7.4\% | 6.9\% | 6.5\% | 6.3\% |
|  | 46\% | 19.5\% | 13.8\% | 11.3\% | 9.8\% | 8.7\% | 8.0\% | 7.4\% | 6.9\% | 6.5\% | 6.3\% |
|  | 48\% | 19.6\% | 13.8\% | 11.3\% | 9.8\% | 8.8\% | 8.0\% | 7.4\% | 6.9\% | 6.5\% | 6.3\% |
|  | 50\% | 19.6\% | 13.9\% | 11.3\% | 9.8\% | 8.8\% | 8.0\% | 7.4\% | 6.9\% | 6.5\% | 6.3\% |
|  | 52\% | 19.6\% | 13.8\% | 11.3\% | 9.8\% | 8.8\% | 8.0\% | 7.4\% | 6.9\% | 6.5\% | 6.3\% |
|  | 54\% | 19.5\% | 13.8\% | 11.3\% | 9.8\% | 8.7\% | 8.0\% | 7.4\% | 6.9\% | 6.5\% | 6.3\% |
|  | 56\% | 19.5\% | 13.8\% | 11.2\% | 9.7\% | 8.7\% | 7.9\% | 7.4\% | 6.9\% | 6.5\% | 6.3\% |
|  | 58\% | 19.3\% | 13.7\% | 11.2\% | 9.7\% | 8.7\% | 7.9\% | 7.3\% | 6.8\% | 6.4\% | 6.2\% |
|  | 60\% | 19.2\% | 13.6\% | 11.1\% | 9.6\% | 8.6\% | 7.8\% | 7.3\% | 6.8\% | 6.4\% | 6.2\% |
|  | 62\% | 19.0\% | 13.5\% | 11.0\% | 9.5\% | 8.5\% | 7.8\% | 7.2\% | 6.7\% | 6.3\% | 6.1\% |
|  | 64\% | 18.8\% | 13.3\% | 10.9\% | 9.4\% | 8.4\% | 7.7\% | 7.1\% | 6.7\% | 6.3\% | 6.0\% |
|  | 66\% | 18.6\% | 13.1\% | 10.7\% | 9.3\% | 8.3\% | 7.6\% | 7.0\% | 6.6\% | 6.2\% | 6.0\% |
|  | 68\% | 18.3\% | 12.9\% | 10.6\% | 9.1\% | 8.2\% | 7.5\% | 6.9\% | 6.5\% | 6.1\% | 5.9\% |
|  | 70\% | 18.0\% | 12.7\% | 10.4\% | 9.0\% | 8.0\% | 7.3\% | 6.8\% | 6.4\% | 6.0\% | 5.8\% |
|  | 72\% | 17.6\% | 12.4\% | 10.2\% | 8.8\% | 7.9\% | 7.2\% | 6.7\% | 6.2\% | 5.9\% | 5.7\% |
|  | 74\% | 17.2\% | 12.2\% | 9.9\% | 8.6\% | 7.7\% | 7.0\% | 6.5\% | 6.1\% | 5.7\% | 5.5\% |
|  | 76\% | 16.7\% | 11.8\% | 9.7\% | 8.4\% | 7.5\% | 6.8\% | 6.3\% | 5.9\% | 5.6\% | 5.4\% |
|  | 78\% | 16.2\% | 11.5\% | 9.4\% | 8.1\% | 7.3\% | 6.6\% | 6.1\% | 5.7\% | 5.4\% | 5.2\% |
|  | 80\% | 15.7\% | 11.1\% | 9.1\% | 7.8\% | 7.0\% | 6.4\% | 5.9\% | 5.5\% | 5.2\% | 5.0\% |
|  | 82\% | 15.1\% | 10.6\% | 8.7\% | 7.5\% | 6.7\% | 6.1\% | 5.7\% | 5.3\% | 5.0\% | 4.8\% |
|  | 84\% | 14.4\% | 10.2\% | 8.3\% | 7.2\% | 6.4\% | 5.9\% | 5.4\% | 5.1\% | 4.8\% | 4.6\% |
|  | 86\% | 13.6\% | 9.6\% | 7.9\% | 6.8\% | 6.1\% | 5.6\% | 5.1\% | 4.8\% | 4.5\% | 4.4\% |
|  | 88\% | 12.7\% | 9.0\% | 7.4\% | 6.4\% | 5.7\% | 5.2\% | 4.8\% | 4.5\% | 4.2\% | 4.1\% |
|  | 90\% | 11.8\% | 8.3\% | 6.8\% | 5.9\% | 5.3\% | 4.8\% | 4.4\% | 4.2\% | 3.9\% | 3.8\% |
|  | 92\% | 10.6\% | 7.5\% | 6.1\% | 5.3\% | 4.8\% | 4.3\% | 4.0\% | 3.8\% | 3.5\% | 3.4\% |
|  | 94\% | 9.3\% | 6.6\% | 5.4\% | 4.7\% | 4.2\% | 3.8\% | 3.5\% | 3.3\% | 3.1\% | 3.0\% |
|  | 96\% | 7.7\% | 5.4\% | 4.4\% | 3.8\% | 3.4\% | 3.1\% | 2.9\% | 2.7\% | 2.6\% | 2.5\% |
|  | 98\% | 5.5\% | 3.9\% | 3.2\% | 2.7\% | 2.5\% | 2.2\% | 2.1\% | 1.9\% | 1.8\% | 1.8\% |
|  | Average Margin of Error | 15.7\% | 11.1\% | 9.0\% | 7.8\% | 7.0\% | 6.4\% | 5.9\% | 5.5\% | 5.2\% | 5.0\% |

As an example of how to use Table 2, how would one determine the appropriate margin of error to estimate the percentage in the entire population of all transitioning soldiers who consider "Stability/Security" as a high priority in their choice of a job in the future? One must simply refer to Table 7 later in this report to observe that $87.6 \%$ of the 242 sampled soldiers replied with "high priority". Reference to Table 2 above indicates that the appropriate margin of error would be $\pm 4.1 \%$ (used $\mathrm{p}=88 \%$, the closest to $87.6 \%$ that is shown in Table 2; and used $\mathrm{n}=242$, the closest to 242 that is included in Table 2). Therefore, we can be $95 \%$ confident that if all transitioning soldiers were to indicate the level of priority that "Stability/Security" is to them in their choice of a job in the future the resulting percentage who would indicate "high priority" among this population of all transitioning soldiers would be within $\pm 4.1 \%$ of the $87.6 \%$ found in our sample. The interpretation of this would be that we are $95 \%$ confident that among all transitioning soldiers the percentage who report that that "Stability/Security" is a high priority to them in their choice of a job in the would be somewhere between $83.5 \%$ and $91.7 \%$. Note that this margin of error of 4.1 percentage points is smaller than the earlier-cited study margin of error of approximately 5.0 percentage points as a result of the sample proportion of $87.6 \%$ being so far away from $50 \%$. Also, please note that readers who desire a greater level of accuracy than this estimated margin of error that has been excerpted from Table 2 may directly calculate the exact margin of error using $p=87.6$, and $n=242$, in the ME formula shown on the preceding page.

Finally, the margin error is a measurement of random error, error due to simply the random chance of sampling such as when randomly flipping fair coins. However, in survey research, it is not coins that are being flipped; it is humans who are being interviewed. When surveying humans there are other potential sources of error, sources of error in addition to random error (which is the only error encompassed by the margin of error). Response error, nonresponse error, process error, bias in sample selection, bias in question-phrasing, lack of clarity in question-phrasing, social desirability bias, acquiescence bias, satisficing, interviewer process error, and undercoverage are potential additional sources of other-thanrandom error. Methods that should be, and have been in this transitioning soldiers study, employed to minimize these other sources of error are: maximum effort to select the sample randomly, piloting and testing of utilized survey questions, training of all data collectors, thorough cleansing of data, calibration of data when necessary, and application and trimming of poststratification algorithms to the resulting sampled data when necessary. Hence, when using this study data to make estimates to the entire population of transitioning soldiers, as is the case in standard survey research practices, the margin of error will be the only error measurement cited and interpreted.

The statistics reported in the correlative tables and correlative graphs throughout the remainder of this report (crosstabulations by gender, age, and educational attainment) are percentages within the sampled subgroups. To determine the sample size for each subgroup - to avoid over-interpretation - the reader should refer to the bottom row of each crosstabulation table provided. In summary, these unweighted within-subgroup sample sizes are provided below in Table 3. Again, all study findings should be considered with sample sizes in mind. Statistical tests of significance take into consideration and reflect these varying sample sizes. The typical sample size within each demographic subgroup is shown, along with the appropriate approximate margin of error for each of these subgroup sample sizes, in the following table.

Table 3 Sample Sizes and Approximate Average Margins of Error within Key Demographic Study Subgroups

|  | Subgroup <br> Sample <br> Sizes | Approximate <br> Margin of <br> Error |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Age Groups | 57 | $\pm 10.4 \%$ |
| Age 18-21 | 97 | $\pm 8.0 \%$ |
| Age 22-26 | 57 | $\pm 10.4 \%$ |
| Age 27-36 | 16 | NA |
| Age 37+ <br> Educational Attainments <br> High School, GED, or less | 131 | $\pm 6.8 \%$ |
| Some College, No Degree | 66 | $\pm 9.6 \%$ |
| 2+ Year Degree | 30 | $\pm 14.3 \%$ |
| Genders <br> Male |  |  |
| Female | 200 | $\pm 5.5 \%$ |
| Total Sample Size | 25 | $\pm 15.7 \%$ |

## Statistical Significance Tests

How does one determine if the observed difference in rates (or, percentages) when comparing subgroups is large enough to be statistically significant, or so small that it is not statistically significant? The rule that should be applied to determine statistical significance is:

1. Sample percentages in the same row and subtable (comparing demographic subgroups) not sharing the same subscript are significantly different at $\mathrm{p}<.05$.
2. Sample percentages in the same row and subtable (comparing demographic subgroups) sharing the same subscript are not significantly different at $\mathrm{p}<.05$.
All tests have been completed using the two-proportion z-test. Subsequent cell adjustment for all pairwise comparisons within a row of each innermost sub-table using the Bonferroni Multiple Comparison corrections has been completed when necessary. Tests assume equal variances. All results for all significance tests are reported in the associated cross-tabulation contingency tables using APA-style subscripts.

For example, the Transitioning Soldier cross-tabulation table for the question in this survey "Please indicate whether Location/Geography is a priority in your choice of a job?" is shown below (and, also later in this report this is Table 10):

|  |  | All Participating Exiting Soldiers | By Age |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Age 18-21 | Age 22-26 | Age 27-36 | Age 37+ |
| Location/ <br> Geography | High priority |  | 47.5\% | 35.1\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ | $50.5 \%{ }_{\mathrm{a}, \mathrm{b}}$ | $47.3 \%_{\text {a,b }}$ | 75.0\% ${ }_{\text {b }}$ |
|  | Low priority | 47.5\% | 61.4\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ | 41.2\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ | 50.9\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ | 25.0\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |
|  | Not a priority | 5.0\% | 3.5\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ | 8.2\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ | 1.8\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ | 0.0\% ${ }^{2}$ |
|  | Total | 100.0\% | 100.0\% | 100.0\% | 100.0\% | 100.0\% |
|  | Sample Size | 240 | 57 | 97 | 55 | 16 |


|  |  | All Participating Exiting Soldiers | By Gender |  | By Education Level |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Males | Females | HSG or GED | Some College | College Degree (2+YD) |
| Location/ Geography | High priority |  | 47.5\% | 48.2\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ | 41.7\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ | 44.6\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ | 50.0\%a | $55.2 \%_{\text {a }}$ |
|  | Low priority | 47.5\% | 46.7\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ | 54.2\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ | 51.5\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ | 42.4\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ | 41.4\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |
|  | Not a priority | 5.0\% | 5.0\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ | 4.2\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ | 3.8\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ | 7.6\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ | 3.4\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |
|  | Total | 100.0\% | 100.0\% | 100.0\% | 100.0\% | 100.0\% | 100.0\% |
|  | Sample Size | 240 | 199 | 24 | 130 | 66 | 29 |

The cross-tabulation table above shows that $35.1 \%$ of the transitioning soldiers who are age 18-21 respond with "High priority", while the rate for those soldiers age 37 or older increases to $75.0 \%$. Since these two percentages do not share a subscript (the young soldiers have a subscript of "a", while the older soldiers have a subscript of "b"), the difference between these two age groups is statistically significant when comparing the rates of responding "High priority". The rates of responding "High priority" are far enough apart to be very unlikely to happen due to the random chance of sampling if the two age groups are, in fact, not different. Therefore, the observed sample differences are considered statistically significant and generalizable to the entire transitioning soldier age-group subpopulations. The above-described process is the appropriate process to use whenever comparing subgroups within the data set that has been collected and analyzed in this study. Note, using the same rules outlined at the top of the page - male and female transitioning soldiers do not differ statistically significantly in their likelihood to respond "High priority" since the respective rates of $48.2 \%$ and $41.7 \%$ both share the subscript of "a".

## Section 3

Detailed Results of Study Findings

## Section 3.1

## Personal Job Interests

## Table $4 ~ 1 ~ F i e l d(s)$ of work in which transitioning soldiers are most interested in finding employment

Combined Results for All Participants


|  | Percentage | Frequency |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Installation, Repair, and Maintenance | $27.3 \%$ | 66 |
| Government | $27.3 \%$ | 66 |
| Business, Management, and Administration | $23.6 \%$ | 57 |
| Science and Technology | $22.3 \%$ | 54 |
| Health and Medicine | $22.3 \%$ | 54 |
| Architecture and Engineering | $18.6 \%$ | 45 |
| Law and Public Policy | $18.2 \%$ | 44 |
| Other | $17.8 \%$ | 43 |
| Farming, Fishing, and Forestry | $15.3 \%$ | 37 |
| Education | $11.6 \%$ | 28 |
| Arts, Culture, and Entertainment | $10.3 \%$ | 25 |
| Sales | $8.3 \%$ | 20 |
| Community and Social Services | $7.0 \%$ | 17 |
| Communications | $5.8 \%$ | 14 |
| Totals: | $100.0 \%$ | 242 |

## Table 4 (cont.) <br> Field(s) of work in which transitioning soldiers are most interested in finding employment

Demographic Comparisons - Cross-Tabulations Including Tests of Significance

|  | All Participating Exiting Soldiers | By Age |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Age 18-21 | Age 22-26 | Age 27-36 | Age 37+ |
| Installation, Repair, and Maintenance | 27.3\% | 29.8\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ | 27.8\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ | 26.3\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ | 12.5\%a |
| Government | 27.3\% | 10.5\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ | $19.6 \%_{\text {a,b }}$ | 36.8\% ${ }_{\text {b }}$ | 75.0\% ${ }_{\text {c }}$ |
| Business, Management, and Administration | 23.6\% | 28.1\% ${ }_{\text {a,b }}$ | 15.5\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ | 35.1\% ${ }_{\text {b }}$ | $12.5 \%{ }_{\text {a,b }}$ |
| Health and Medicine | 22.3\% | 24.6\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ | 19.6\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ | 24.6\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ | 25.0\% |
| Science and Technology | 22.3\% | 26.3\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ | 19.6\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ | 29.8\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ | 12.5\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |
| Architecture and Engineering | 18.6\% | 21.1\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ | 20.6\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ | 19.3\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ | 6.3\%a |
| Law and Public Policy | 18.2\% | 21.1\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ | 16.5\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ | 10.5\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ | 37.5\%a |
| Farming, Fishing, and Forestry | 15.3\% | 15.8\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ | 17.5\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ | 12.3\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ | 6.3\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |
| Education | 11.6\% | 10.5\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ | 9.3\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ | 12.3\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ | 25.0\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |
| Arts, Culture, and Entertainment | 10.3\% | 12.3\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ | 9.3\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ | 12.3\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ | 6.3\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |
| Sales | 8.3\% | 7.0\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ | 7.2\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ | 8.8\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ | 0.0\% ${ }^{2}$ |
| Community and Social Services | 7.0\% | 7.0\% ${ }_{\text {a,b }}$ | 2.1\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ | 8.8\% ${ }_{\text {a,b }}$ | 31.3\% ${ }_{\text {b }}$ |
| Communications | 5.8\% | 7.0\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ | 4.1\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ | 5.3\%a | 18.8\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |
| Other | 17.8\% | 10.5\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ | 23.7\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ | 10.5\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ | 12.5\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |
| Total | 100.0\% | 100.0\% | 100.0\% | 100.0\% | 100.0\% |
| Sample Size | 242 | 57 | 97 | 57 | 16 |


|  | All Participating Exiting Soldiers | By Gender |  | By Education Level |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Males | Females | HSG or GED | Some College | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { College Degree } \\ (2+Y D) \end{array}$ |
| Installation, Repair, and Maintenance | 27.3\% | 29.5\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ | 8.0\% ${ }_{\text {b }}$ | 32.8\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ | 22.7\% ${ }_{\text {a,b }}$ | 10.0\% ${ }_{\text {b }}$ |
| Government | 27.3\% | 25.0\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ | 32.0\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ | 16.0\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ | 39.4\% | 36.7\% ${ }_{\text {b }}$ |
| Business, Management, and Administration | 23.6\% | 21.5\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ | 40.0\% ${ }_{\text {b }}$ | 22.1\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ | 24.2\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ | 26.7\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |
| Health and Medicine | 22.3\% | 17.0\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ | 64.0\% ${ }_{\text {b }}$ | 19.1\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ | 27.3\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ | 26.7\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |
| Science and Technology | 22.3\% | 23.0\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ | 28.0\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ | 16.8\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ | 27.3\% ${ }_{\text {a,b }}$ | 43.3\% ${ }_{\text {b }}$ |
| Architecture and Engineering | 18.6\% | 21.5\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ | 4.0\% ${ }_{\text {b }}$ | 22.9\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ | $13.6 \%$ a | 16.7\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |
| Law and Public Policy | 18.2\% | 17.0\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ | 24.0\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ | 15.3\%a | 25.8\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ | 10.0\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |
| Farming, Fishing, and Forestry | 15.3\% | $16.0 \%$ a | 8.0\%a | 19.8\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ | 10.6\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ | 3.3\%a |
| Education | 11.6\% | 9.5\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ | 28.0\% ${ }_{\text {b }}$ | 11.5\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ | 7.6\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ | 20.0\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |
| Arts, Culture, and Entertainment | 10.3\% | 10.0\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ | 16.0\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ | 13.0\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ | 6.1\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ | 10.0\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |
| Sales | 8.3\% | 7.0\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ | 8.0\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ | 9.2\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ | 6.1\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ | 0.0\% ${ }^{2}$ |
| Community and Social Services | 7.0\% | 6.5\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ | $12.0 \%_{a}$ | 3.8\%a | 15.2\% ${ }_{\text {b }}$ | 3.3\% ${ }_{\text {a,b }}$ |
| Communications | 5.8\% | 6.5\%a | 4.0\%a | 5.3\%a | 9.1\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ | 3.3\%a |
| Other | 17.8\% | 17.0\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ | 8.0\%a | 19.8\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ | 16.7\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ | 0.0\% ${ }^{2}$ |
| Total | 100.0\% | 100.0\% | 100.0\% | 100.0\% | 100.0\% | 100.0\% |
| Sample Size | 242 | 200 | 25 | 131 | 66 | 30 |

Combined Results for All Participants

|  | Number of Participants Who Responded |
| :---: | :---: |
| "Other" Career Fields |  |
| Aviation | 9 |
| Hospitality | 3 |
| Construction | 2 |
| Electrical | 2 |
| Manufacturing, and Welding | 2 |
| Private Military Contracting | 2 |
| Transportation | 2 |
| Commercial Driving | 1 |
| Culinary | 1 |
| Hairdressing/cosmetology | 1 |
| Logistics | 1 |
| Mechanic | 1 |
| Network security | 1 |
| Nuclear Technician | 1 |
| Operating heavy equipment | 1 |
| Railroading | 1 |
| Real estate | 1 |
| Reporter | 1 |
| School bus driver | 1 |
| Security | 1 |
| Security/gunsmithing | 1 |
| Small engine repair | 1 |
| Teacher and Coach | 1 |
| Train Dispatching/ Air Traffic Control | 1 |
| Transportation/Construction | 1 |
| Truck Driving | 1 |
| Trucking/Logistics | 1 |
| Underwater welding | 1 |
| Total \# 'Other' Responses | 43 |

## Section 3.2

Prioritized Characteristics of Future Jobs

Table 6 SUMMARY - For each of the following characteristics of a job, please indicate whether it is a priority in your choice of a job.

Combined Results for All Participants
For each of the following characteristics of a job, please indicate whether it is a priority in your choice of a job?


## Table 7 <br> Stability/Security - How large of a priority?

Combined Results for All Participants

|  |  | Percentage | Frequency |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | High priority | $87.6 \%$ | 212 |
| Stability/ | Low priority | $11.6 \%$ | 28 |
| Security | Not a priority | $0.8 \%$ | 2 |
|  | Totals: | $100.0 \%$ | 242 |

Demographic Comparisons - Cross-Tabulations Illustrated Graphically
Stability/Security - How large of a priority in your choice of a job?


Demographic Comparisons - Cross-Tabulations Including Tests of Significance


Combined Results for All Participants

| Salary |  | Percentage | Frequency |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | High priority | $82.8 \%$ | 197 |
|  | Low priority | $15.5 \%$ | 37 |
|  | Not a priority | $1.7 \%$ | 4 |
|  | Totals: | $100.0 \%$ | 238 |

Demographic Comparisons - Cross-Tabulations Illustrated Graphically Salary - How large of a priority in your choice of a job?


Demographic Comparisons - Cross-Tabulations Including Tests of Significance

|  |  |  |  | All Participating Exiting Soldiers |  | By Age |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Age 18-21 |  | Age 22-26 |  | Age 27-36 |  | Age 37+ |  |
|  | High priority |  |  | 82.8\% |  | 81.8\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 83.5\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 87.5\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | $73.3 \%$ a |  |
|  | Salary Low priority |  |  | 15.5\% |  | 16.4\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 15.5\%a |  | 10.7\%a |  | 20.0\%a |  |
|  | Not a priority |  |  | 1.7\% |  | $1.8 \%{ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | $1.0 \%{ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | $1.8 \%$ a |  | 6.7\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  |
|  | Total |  |  | 100.0\% |  | 100.0\% |  | 100.0\% |  | 100.0\% |  | 100.0\% |  |
|  | Sample Size |  |  | 238 |  | 55 |  | 97 |  | 56 |  | 15 |  |
|  |  |  | All Participating Exiting Soldiers |  | By Gender |  |  |  | By Education Level |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | Males |  | Females |  | HSG or GED |  | Some College |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { College Degree } \\ (2+\text { YD }) \end{gathered}$ |
| Salary | High priority |  | 82.8\% |  | 84.4\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 77.3\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 82.9\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 83.1\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | $86.2 \%{ }_{\text {a }}$ |
|  |  | Low priority | 15.5\% |  | 14.1\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 18.2\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 14.7\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 15.4\%a |  | $13.8 \%$ |
|  |  | Not a priority | 1.7\% |  | $1.5 \%$ a |  | $4.5 \%$ |  | 2.3\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | $1.5 \%$ a |  | 0.0\% ${ }^{2}$ |
|  |  | Total | 100.0\% |  | 100.0\% |  | 100.0\% |  | 100.0\% |  | 100.0\% |  | 100.0\% |
|  |  | Sample Size | 238 |  | 199 |  | 22 | 129 |  |  | 65 |  | 29 |

Combined Results for All Participants

|  |  | Percentage | Frequency |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Job is in my | High priority | $81.0 \%$ | 196 |
|  | Low priority | $15.7 \%$ | 38 |
|  | Not a priority | $3.3 \%$ | 8 |
|  | Totals: | $100.0 \%$ | 242 |

Demographic Comparisons - Cross-Tabulations Illustrated Graphically


Demographic Comparisons - Cross-Tabulations Including Tests of Significance

|  |  |  |  | All Participating Exiting Soldiers |  | By Age |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Age 18-21 |  | Age 22-26 |  | Age 27-36 |  | Age 37+ |  |
|  | Job is in my field of interest | High priority |  | 81.0\% |  | 80.7\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 82.5\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | $73.7 \%_{\text {a }}$ |  | 81.3\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  |
|  |  | Low priority |  | 15.7\% |  | 15.8\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 15.5\%a |  | 21.1\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 12.5\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  |
|  |  | Not a priority |  | 3.3\% |  | 3.5\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 2.1\%a |  | 5.3\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | $6.3 \%$ a |  |
|  |  | Total |  | 100.0\% |  | 100.0\% |  | 100.0\% |  | 100.0\% |  | 100.0\% |  |
|  | Sample Size |  |  | 242 |  | 57 |  | 97 |  | 57 |  | 16 |  |
|  |  |  | All Participating Exiting Soldiers |  | By Gender |  |  |  | By Education Level |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | Males |  | Females |  | HSG or GED |  | Some College |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { College Degree } \\ (2+Y D) \end{gathered}$ |
| Job is in my field of interest | High priority |  | 81.0\% |  | $78.5 \%$ a |  | 88.0\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 80.2\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 77.3\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 83.3\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |
|  | Low p | ority | 15.7\% |  | 17.5\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 12.0\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 16.8\%a |  | 19.7\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 10.0\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |
|  | Not a | iority | 3.3\% |  | 4.0\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 0.0\% ${ }^{2}$ |  | 3.1\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 3.0\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 6.7\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |
|  | Total |  | 100.0\% |  | 100.0\% |  | 100.0\% |  | 100.0\% |  | 100.0\% |  | 100.0\% |
| Sample Size |  |  | 242 |  | 200 |  | 25 |  | 131 |  |  |  | 30 |


\section*{| Table 10 | Location/Geography - How large of a priority? |
| :--- | :--- |}

Combined Results for All Participants

|  |  | Percentage | Frequency |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | High priority | $47.5 \%$ | 114 |
| Location/ | Low priority | $47.5 \%$ | 114 |
| Geography | Not a priority | $5.0 \%$ | 12 |
|  | Totals: | $100.0 \%$ | 240 |

Demographic Comparisons - Cross-Tabulations Illustrated Graphically Location/Geography - How large of a priority in your choice of a job?


Demographic Comparisons - Cross-Tabulations Including Tests of Significance


## Section 3.3

Future Plans - Employment and/or Education
Table 11 Plans after transitioning from the military - Employment? Education? Both? Neither? Undecided?
Combined Results for All Participants

|  |  | Percentage | Frequency |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | Seek employment | $33.1 \%$ | 80 |
| What are you | Pursue education | $12.8 \%$ | 31 |
| planning to do after | Both | $52.1 \%$ | 126 |
| transitioning from | Neither | $0.4 \%$ | 1 |
| the military? | Undecided | $1.7 \%$ | 4 |
|  | Totals: | $100.0 \%$ | 242 |

Demographic Comparisons - Cross-Tabulations Illustrated Graphically


Demographic Comparisons - Cross-Tabulations Including Tests of Significance


## Section 3.4

## Future Plans - Remaining in the North Country

| Table 12 | Do you plan to stay in the Fort Drum area after transitioning out of the military? |
| :--- | :--- |

Combined Results for All Participants

|  |  | Percentage | Frequency |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $4.1 \%$ | 10 |
| Do you plan to stay in <br> the Fort Drum area | Yes, longterm | Yes, temporarily | $14.9 \%$ |
| after transitioning out | No | $80.9 \%$ | 195 |
| of the military? | Totals: | $100.0 \%$ | 241 |

Demographic Comparisons - Cross-Tabulations Illustrated Graphically


Demographic Comparisons - Cross-Tabulations Including Tests of Significance

|  |  |  |  | All Participating Exiting Soldiers |  | By Age |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Age 18-21 |  | Age 22-26 |  | Age 27-36 |  | Age 37+ |  |
|  |  | Yes, longterm |  | 4.1\% |  | 1.8\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 3.1\% ${ }_{\text {a,b }}$ |  | 5.3\% ${ }_{\text {a,b }}$ |  | 18.8\% ${ }_{\text {b }}$ |  |
| Fort Drum area after transitioning out of the military? |  | Yes, temporarily |  | 14.9\% |  | $12.3 \%{ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 15.5\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 19.3\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 12.5\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  |
|  |  | No |  | 80.9\% |  | 86.0\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 81.4\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 75.4\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 68.8\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  |
|  |  | Total |  | 100.0\% |  | 100.0\% |  | 100.0\% |  | 100.0\% |  | 100.0\% |  |
| Sample Size |  |  |  | 241 |  | 57 |  | 97 |  | 57 |  | 16 |  |
|  |  |  | All Participating Exiting Soldiers |  | By Gender |  |  | By Education Level |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | Males |  | Females |  | HSG or GED |  | Some College |  | $\begin{array}{\|c} \hline \begin{array}{c} \text { College Degree } \\ (2+Y D) \end{array} \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| Do you plan to stay in the Fort Drum area after transitioning out of the military? | Yes, longterm |  | 4.1\% |  | 5.0\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 0.0\% ${ }^{2}$ | 3.8\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  |  | $4.5 \%$ a |  | $6.7 \%{ }^{\text {a }}$ |
|  | Yes, temporarily |  | 14.9\% |  | 13.0\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 32.0\% ${ }_{\text {b }}$ |  | 11.5\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 18.2\% ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  | 26.7\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |
|  | No |  | 80.9\% |  | 82.0\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 68.0\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 84.7\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 77.3\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | $66.7 \%$ |
|  | Total |  | 100.0\% |  | 100.0\% |  | 100.0\% |  | 100.0\% |  | 100.0\% |  | 100.0\% |
| Sample Size |  |  | 241 |  | 200 |  | 25 | 131 |  |  | 66 |  | 30 |

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Table 13 If no, why do you plan to leave the Fort Drum area?
Combined Results for All Participants


|  | Percentage | Frequency |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Moving Closer to Family/Friends | $75.8 \%$ | 175 |
| Job Opportunity Elsewhere | $59.3 \%$ | 137 |
| Education Opportunity Elsewhere | $35.9 \%$ | 83 |
| Climate of Fort Drum Area | $32.5 \%$ | 75 |
| Economy of Fort Drum Area | $22.1 \%$ | 51 |
| None of the Above | $6.9 \%$ | 16 |
| Totals: | $100.0 \%$ | 231 |

Demographic Comparisons - Cross-Tabulations Including Tests of Significance


## Section 3.5



Table 14 SUMMARY - How satisfied are you with the availability of the following opportunities in the Fort Drum area?

Combined Results for All Participants


## NOTE:

The gray bars above that illustrate the Satisfied-to-Unsatisfied ratio for each survey item are a valid metric to use to compare satisfaction levels across all seven opportunity availabilities to determine the relative standing - determine which opportunities are most positively and negatively perceived regarding availability in the Fort Drum area. In effect, these ratios are a methos to control for those who "don't know".
For example, when one observes "Childcare" in the graph above it is the local opportunity that clearly has the lowest reported rate of "satisfied" with only 19\%. However, due to so many participants who are unfamiliar with childcare availability, this method of comparing relative standing could be far too condemning of "childcare" availability. When the Satisfied-to-Unsatisfied ratio is calculated for all seven studied local opportunities - "Childcare" has a ratio of 1.6, second largest among the seven opportunities.
This metric will also be reported for the same reasons in Tables 22 and 30.

## Table 15 Satisfaction with availability - Recreational opportunities

Combined Results for All Participants

|  |  | Percentage | Frequency |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | Very satisfied | $20.5 \%$ | 45 |
| Recreational | Somewhat satisfied | $31.8 \%$ | 70 |
| opportunities | Neither satisfied nor dissatisfied | $28.6 \%$ | 63 |
| Availability | Somewhat dissatisfied | $8.2 \%$ | 18 |
|  | Very dissatisfied | $10.9 \%$ | 24 |
|  | Totals: | $100.0 \%$ | 220 |

Demographic Comparisons - Cross-Tabulations Illustrated Graphically Recreational Opportunities - Satisfaction with Availability in the Fort Drum Area


Demographic Comparisons - Cross-Tabulations Including Tests of Significance


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| Table 16 | Satisfaction with availability - Medical care |
| :--- | :--- |

Combined Results for All Participants

|  |  | Percentage | Frequency |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | Very satisfied | $10.9 \%$ | 24 |
|  | Somewhat satisfied | $32.6 \%$ | 72 |
| Medical care | Neither satisfied nor dissatisfied | $28.1 \%$ | 62 |
| Availability | Somewhat dissatisfied | $14.5 \%$ | 32 |
|  | Very dissatisfied | $14.0 \%$ | 31 |
|  | Totals: | $100.0 \%$ | 221 |

Demographic Comparisons - Cross-Tabulations Illustrated Graphically Medical Care - Satisfaction with Availability in the Fort Drum Area


Demographic Comparisons - Cross-Tabulations Including Tests of Significance


## Table 17 Satisfaction with availability - Professional development

Combined Results for All Participants

|  |  | Percentage | Frequency |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | Very satisfied | $12.7 \%$ | 28 |
| Professional | Somewhat satisfied | $24.0 \%$ | 53 |
| development | Neither satisfied nor dissatisfied | $39.8 \%$ | 88 |
| Availability | Somewhat dissatisfied | $10.0 \%$ | 22 |
|  | Very dissatisfied | $13.6 \%$ | 30 |
|  | Totals: | $100.0 \%$ | 221 |

## Demographic Comparisons - Cross-Tabulations Illustrated Graphically Professional Development - Satisfaction with Availability in the Fort Drum Area



Demographic Comparisons - Cross-Tabulations Including Tests of Significance


\section*{| Table 18 | Satisfaction with availability - Housing |
| :--- | :--- |}

Combined Results for All Participants

|  |  | Percentage | Frequency |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | Very satisfied | $12.7 \%$ | 28 |
|  | Somewhat satisfied | $24.0 \%$ | 53 |
| Housing - | Neither satisfied nor dissatisfied | $36.7 \%$ | 81 |
| Availability | Somewhat dissatisfied | $10.4 \%$ | 23 |
|  | Very dissatisfied | $16.3 \%$ | 36 |
|  | Totals: | $100.0 \%$ | 221 |

Demographic Comparisons - Cross-Tabulations Illustrated Graphically
Housing - Satisfaction with Availability in the Fort Drum Area


Demographic Comparisons - Cross-Tabulations Including Tests of Significance

|  |  |  |  | All Participating Exiting Soldiers |  | By Age |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Age 18-21 |  | Age 22-26 |  | Age 27-36 |  | Age 37+ |  |
|  | Very satisfied |  |  | 12.7\% |  | $3.6 \%{ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | $13.3 \%_{\text {a,b }}$ |  | 17.0\% $\mathrm{a}, \mathrm{b}$ |  | 30.8\% ${ }_{\text {b }}$ |  |
|  | Somewhat satisfied |  |  | 24.0\% |  | 25.0\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 16.7\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 35.8\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 23.1\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  |
|  | Housing - | Neither satisfied nor dissatisfied |  | 36.7\% |  | $44.6 \%$ a |  | 38.9\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | $30.2 \%$ a |  | 23.1\%a |  |
|  | Availability | Somewhat dissatisfied |  | 10.4\% |  | 16.1\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 12.2\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | $1.9 \%$ |  | 7.7\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  |
|  |  | Very dissatisfied |  | 16.3\% |  | 10.7\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 18.9\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | $15.1 \%{ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 15.4\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  |
|  |  | Total |  | 100.0\% |  | 100.0\% |  | 100.0\% |  | 100.0\% |  | 100.0\% |  |
|  | Sample Size |  |  | 221 |  | 56 |  | 90 |  | 53 |  | 13 |  |
|  |  |  | All Participating Exiting Soldiers |  | By Gender |  |  |  | By Education Level |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | Males |  | Females |  | HSG or GED |  | D Some College |  | $\begin{array}{\|c} \hline \begin{array}{c} \text { College Degree } \\ (2+Y D) \end{array} \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| Very satisfied |  |  | 12.7\% |  | $13.5 \%{ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 4.0\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | $8.3 \%$ |  | $15.9 \%_{\text {a,b }}$ |  | $25.0 \%_{\mathrm{b}}$ |
| Somewhat satisfied |  |  | 24.0\% |  | 23.8\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 24.0\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 22.3\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 20.6\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 39.3\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |
| Housing - |  | satisfied nor dissatisfied | 36.7\% |  | 37.8\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | $36.0 \%_{\text {a }}$ |  | 41.3\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 38.1\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 17.9\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |
| Availability | ty Som | hat dissatisfied | 10.4\% |  | $10.3 \%{ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | $12.0 \%_{\text {a }}$ |  | $11.6 \%{ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 9.5\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 7.1\%a |
|  |  | ssatisfied | 16.3\% |  | $14.6 \%{ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 24.0\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 16.5\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 15.9\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 10.7\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |
|  | Tot |  | 100.0\% |  | 100.0\% |  | 100.0\% |  | 100.0\% |  | 100.0\% |  | 100.0\% |
|  |  | Size | 221 |  | 185 |  | 25 |  | 121 |  | 63 |  | 28 |

Table 19 Satisfaction with availability - Higher education
Combined Results for All Participants

|  |  | Percentage | Frequency |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | Very satisfied | $14.0 \%$ | 31 |
| Higher | Somewhat satisfied | $20.4 \%$ | 45 |
| education - | Neither satisfied nor dissatisfied | $41.6 \%$ | 92 |
| Availability | Somewhat dissatisfied | $13.6 \%$ | 30 |
|  | Very dissatisfied | $10.4 \%$ | 23 |
|  | Totals: | $100.0 \%$ | 221 |

Demographic Comparisons - Cross-Tabulations Illustrated Graphically Higher Education - Satisfaction with Availability in the Fort Drum Area


Demographic Comparisons - Cross-Tabulations Including Tests of Significance


## Table 20 Satisfaction with availability - Employment opportunities

Combined Results for All Participants

|  |  | Percentage | Frequency |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | Very satisfied | $10.4 \%$ | 23 |
| Employment | Somewhat satisfied | $17.6 \%$ | 39 |
| opportunities | Neither satisfied nor dissatisfied | $47.5 \%$ | 105 |
| Availability | Somewhat dissatisfied | $10.9 \%$ | 24 |
|  | Very dissatisfied | $13.6 \%$ | 30 |
|  | Totals: | $100.0 \%$ | 221 |

Demographic Comparisons - Cross-Tabulations Illustrated Graphically
Employment Opportunities - Satisfaction with Availability in the Fort Drum Area


Demographic Comparisons - Cross-Tabulations Including Tests of Significance

|  |  |  | All Participating Exiting Soldiers |  | By Age |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Age 18-21 | Age 22-26 |  | Age 27-36 |  | Age 37+ |  |
|  | Very satisfied |  |  |  | 10.4\% |  | $8.9 \%_{\mathrm{a}}$ |  | $8.9 \%_{\text {a }}$ |  | $11.3 \%_{\text {a }}$ |  | 30.8\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  |
|  | Somewhat satisfied |  | 17.6\% |  | $12.5 \%$ a |  | 21.1\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | $18.9 \%$ |  | 7.7\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  |
| Employ | Neither satisfied nor dissatisfied Somewhat dissatisfied |  | 47.5\% |  | $55.4 \%{ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | $45.6 \%$ a |  | 43.4\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 61.5\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  |
|  |  |  | 10.9\% |  | $14.3 \%{ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 6.7\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | $13.2 \%$ a |  | 0.0\% ${ }^{2}$ |  |
|  | Very dissatisfied |  | 13.6\% |  | $8.9 \%{ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | $17.8 \%$ |  | $13.2 \%{ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 0.0\% ${ }^{2}$ |  |
| Total |  |  | 100.0\% |  | 100.0\% |  | 100.0\% |  | 100.0\% |  | 100.0\% |  |
| Sample Size |  |  | 221 |  | 56 |  | 90 |  | 53 |  | 13 |  |
|  |  | All Participating Exiting Soldiers |  | By Gender |  |  | By Education Level |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Males |  | Females | HSG or GED |  |  | Some College |  | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { College Degree } \\ (2+Y D) \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| Very satisfied |  | 10.4\% |  | $10.3 \%$ a |  | 8.0\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ | 9.9\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  |  | 11.1\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | $14.3 \%{ }_{\text {a }}$ |
|  | Somewhat satisfied | 17.6\% |  | 18.4\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | $12.0 \%$ |  | 14.9\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 17.5\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 28.6\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |
| Employment opportunities - | Neither satisfied nor dissatisfied | 47.5\% |  | 47.6\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 60.0\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 52.9\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | $49.2 \%$ a |  | 28.6\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |
| Availability | Somewhat dissatisfied | 10.9\% |  | 10.8\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 4.0\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 9.9\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | $6.3 \%$ a |  | 17.9\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |
|  | Very dissatisfied | 13.6\% |  | 13.0\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | $16.0 \%$ |  | $12.4 \%$ a |  | $15.9 \%$ a |  | 10.7\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |
|  | Total | 100.0\% |  | 100.0\% |  | 100.0\% |  | 100.0\% |  | 100.0\% |  | 100.0\% |
|  | Sample Size | 221 |  | 185 |  | 25 | 121 |  |  | 63 |  | 28 |

## Table 21 Satisfaction with availability - Childcare

Combined Results for All Participants

|  |  | Percentage | Frequency |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | Very satisfied | $8.7 \%$ | 19 |
|  | Somewhat satisfied | $10.0 \%$ | 22 |
| Childcare - | Neither satisfied nor dissatisfied | $69.9 \%$ | 153 |
| Availability | Somewhat dissatisfied | $4.1 \%$ | 9 |
|  | Very dissatisfied | $7.3 \%$ | 16 |
|  | Totals: | $100.0 \%$ | 219 |

Demographic Comparisons - Cross-Tabulations Illustrated Graphically
Childcare - Satisfaction with Availability in the Fort Drum Area


Demographic Comparisons - Cross-Tabulations Including Tests of Significance

|  |  |  |  | All Participating Exiting Soldiers |  | By Age |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Age 18-21 |  | Age 22-26 |  | Age 27-36 |  | Age 37+ |  |
|  | Very satisfied |  |  | 8.7\% |  | 3.6\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | $7.9 \%{ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | $13.2 \%{ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 15.4\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  |
|  | Somewhat satisfied |  |  | 10.0\% |  | 12.7\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 6.7\%a |  | 13.2\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | $15.4 \%{ }_{\text {a }}$ |  |
|  | Childcare - | Neither satisfied nor dissatisfied Somewhat dissatisfied |  | 69.9\% |  | $76.4 \%{ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 76.4\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 56.6\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 61.5\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  |
|  | Availability |  |  | 4.1\% |  | 3.6\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 2.2\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 5.7\%a |  | 7.7\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  |
|  |  | Very dissatisfied |  | 7.3\% |  | 3.6\%a |  | 6.7\%a |  | 11.3\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 0.0\% ${ }^{2}$ |  |
|  |  | Total |  | 100.0\% |  | 100.0\% |  | 100.0\% |  | 100.0\% |  | 100.0\% |  |
|  | Sample Size |  |  | 219 |  | 55 |  | 89 |  | 53 |  | 13 |  |
|  |  |  | All Participating Exiting Soldiers |  | By Gender |  |  | By Education Level |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | Males | Females |  | HSG or GED |  |  | Some College |  | College Degree (2+YD) |
| Very satisfied |  |  | 8.7\% |  | 9.3\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ | 0.0\% ${ }^{2}$ |  | 7.4\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  |  | 9.7\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 11.1\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |
|  |  | hat satisfied | 10.0\% |  | 10.9\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 4.0\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 11.6\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 11.3\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 3.7\%a |
| Childcare - | - Ne | satisfied nor dissatisfied | 69.9\% |  | 71.0\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 72.0\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 71.9\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 64.5\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | $77.8 \%$ a |
| Availability | ty Som | hat dissatisfied | 4.1\% |  | 4.4\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 0.0\% ${ }^{2}$ |  | 2.5\%a |  | 6.5\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 3.7\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |
|  |  | ssatisfied | 7.3\% |  | 4.4\%a |  | 24.0\% ${ }_{\text {b }}$ |  | 6.6\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 8.1\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 3.7\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |
|  | Tot |  | 100.0\% |  | 100.0\% |  | 100.0\% |  | 100.0\% |  | 100.0\% |  | 100.0\% |
|  | Sam | Size | 219 |  | 183 | 25 |  | 121 |  |  | 62 |  | 27 |

## Section 3.6

Perceived Quality of Opportunities in North


| Table 22 | $\begin{array}{l}\text { SUMMARY - How satisfied are you with the quality of the following opportunities in the Fort Drum } \\ \text { area? }\end{array}$ |
| :--- | :--- |

Combined Results for All Participants


## Table 23 <br> Satisfaction with quality - Recreational opportunities

Combined Results for All Participants

|  |  | Percentage | Frequency |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | Very satisfied | $21.9 \%$ | 48 |
| Recreational | Somewhat satisfied | $27.9 \%$ | 61 |
| opportunities | Neither satisfied nor dissatisfied | $32.0 \%$ | 70 |
| Quality | Somewhat dissatisfied | $8.7 \%$ | 19 |
|  | Very dissatisfied | $9.6 \%$ | 21 |
|  | Totals: | $100.0 \%$ | 219 |

Demographic Comparisons - Cross-Tabulations Illustrated Graphically
Recreational Opportunities - Satisfaction with Quality in the Fort Drum Area


Demographic Comparisons - Cross-Tabulations Including Tests of Significance

|  |  |  | All Participating Exiting Soldiers |  | By Age |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Age 18-21 | Age 22-26 |  | Age 27-36 |  | Age 37+ |  |
|  | Very satisfied |  |  |  | 21.9\% |  | 23.6\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 19.8\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 21.6\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 23.1\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  |
|  | Somewhat satisfied |  | 27.9\% |  | 30.9\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 23.1\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 31.4\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 30.8\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  |
| Recrea | Neither satisfied nor dissatisfied |  | 32.0\% |  | $32.7 \%$ |  | $33.0 \%$ a |  | $33.3 \%$ a |  | 23.1\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  |
|  | Somewhat dissatisfied |  | 8.7\% |  | 5.5\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 13.2\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | $7.8 \%$ |  | 0.0\% ${ }^{2}$ |  |
|  | Very dissatisfied |  | 9.6\% |  | 7.3\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 11.0\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 5.9\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 23.1\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  |
| Total |  |  | 100.0\% |  | 100.0\% |  | 100.0\% |  | 100.0\% |  | 100.0\% |  |
| Sample Size |  |  | 219 |  | 55 |  | 91 |  | 51 |  | 13 |  |
|  |  | All Participating Exiting Soldiers |  | By Gender |  |  |  | By Education Level |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Males |  | Females |  | HSG or GED |  | Some College |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { College Degree } \\ (2+Y D) \end{gathered}$ |
| Very satisfied |  | 21.9\% |  | 21.3\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 20.0\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 19.5\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 26.2\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | $19.2 \%{ }_{\text {a }}$ |
|  | Somewhat satisfied | 27.9\% |  | 27.9\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 24.0\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 28.5\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 19.7\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 42.3\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |
| Recreational | Neither satisfied nor dissatisfied | 32.0\% |  | 34.4\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 20.0\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 35.0\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 29.5\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 26.9\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |
| Quality | Somewhat dissatisfied | 8.7\% |  | 7.7\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 20.0\% ${ }_{\text {b }}$ |  | 8.1\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 14.8\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 0.0\% ${ }^{2}$ |
|  | Very dissatisfied | 9.6\% |  | $8.7 \%{ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | $16.0 \%$ |  | $8.9 \%{ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 9.8\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 11.5\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |
|  | Total | 100.0\% |  | 100.0\% |  | 100.0\% |  | 100.0\% |  | 100.0\% |  | 100.0\% |
|  | Sample Size | 219 |  | 183 |  | 25 | 123 |  |  | 61 |  | 26 |

## Table 24 <br> Satisfaction with quality - Medical care

Combined Results for All Participants

|  |  | Percentage | Frequency |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | Very satisfied | $10.9 \%$ | 24 |
|  | Somewhat satisfied | $25.0 \%$ | 55 |
| Medical care - | Neither satisfied nor dissatisfied | $35.0 \%$ | 77 |
| Quality | Somewhat dissatisfied | $14.1 \%$ | 31 |
|  | Very dissatisfied | $15.0 \%$ | 33 |
|  | Totals: | $100.0 \%$ | 220 |

Demographic Comparisons - Cross-Tabulations Illustrated Graphically
Medical Care - Satisfaction with Quality in the Fort Drum Area


Demographic Comparisons - Cross-Tabulations Including Tests of Significance


## Table 25 Satisfaction with quality - Professional development

Combined Results for All Participants

|  |  | Percentage | Frequency |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | Very satisfied | $12.7 \%$ | 28 |
| Professional | Somewhat satisfied | $19.1 \%$ | 42 |
| development | Neither satisfied nor dissatisfied | $45.0 \%$ | 99 |
| Quality | Somewhat dissatisfied | $11.4 \%$ | 25 |
|  | Very dissatisfied | $11.8 \%$ | 26 |
|  | Totals: | $100.0 \%$ | 220 |

Demographic Comparisons - Cross-Tabulations Illustrated Graphically
Professional Development - Satisfaction with Quality in the Fort Drum Area


Demographic Comparisons - Cross-Tabulations Including Tests of Significance

|  |  |  | All Participating Exiting Soldiers |  | By Age |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Age 18-21 | Age 22-26 |  | Age 27-36 |  | Age 37+ |  |
|  | Very satisfied |  |  |  | 12.7\% |  | 10.7\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 11.0\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 17.6\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 23.1\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  |
|  | Somewhat satisfied |  | 19.1\% |  | 17.9\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 18.7\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | $19.6 \%$ |  | 23.1\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  |
| Profess | Neither satisfied nor dissatisfied |  | 45.0\% |  | 50.0\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 39.6\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 49.0\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | $38.5 \%$ a |  |
|  |  |  | 11.4\% |  | 16.1\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 12.1\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 5.9\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 15.4\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  |
|  | Somewhat dissatisfiedVery dissatisfied |  | 11.8\% |  | 5.4\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 18.7\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 7.8\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 0.0\% ${ }^{2}$ |  |
| Total |  |  | 100.0\% |  | 100.0\% |  | 100.0\% |  | 100.0\% |  | 100.0\% |  |
| Sample Size |  |  | 220 |  | 56 |  | 91 |  | 51 |  | 13 |  |
|  |  | All Participating Exiting Soldiers |  | By Gender |  |  | By Education Level |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Males |  | Females | HSG or GED |  |  | Some College |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { College Degree } \\ (2+Y D) \end{gathered}$ |
| Very satisfied |  | 12.7\% |  | 13.0\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | $8.0 \%{ }_{\text {a }}$ | $11.4 \%{ }_{\text {a }}$ |  |  | 14.5\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 19.2\% ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |
| Professional development Quality | Somewhat satisfied | 19.1\% |  | 18.5\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 24.0\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 19.5\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 19.4\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | $15.4 \%$ |
|  | Neither satisfied nor dissatisfied | 45.0\% |  | 45.1\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 44.0\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 46.3\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | $45.2 \%{ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | $34.6 \%$ a |
|  | Somewhat dissatisfied | 11.4\% |  | 10.9\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 20.0\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 10.6\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | $11.3 \%$ a |  | 19.2\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |
|  | Very dissatisfied | 11.8\% |  | 12.5\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | $4.0 \%$ a | 12.2\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  |  | 9.7\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 11.5\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |
|  | Total | 100.0\% |  | 100.0\% |  | 100.0\% |  | 100.0\% |  | 100.0\% |  | 100.0\% |
|  | Sample Size | 220 |  | 184 |  | 25 | 123 |  |  | 62 |  | 26 |

## Table 26 <br> Satisfaction with quality - Higher education

Combined Results for All Participants

|  |  | Percentage | Frequency |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | Very satisfied | $10.9 \%$ | 24 |
| Higher | Somewhat satisfied | $20.9 \%$ | 46 |
| education - | Neither satisfied nor dissatisfied | $47.3 \%$ | 104 |
| Quality | Somewhat dissatisfied | $10.0 \%$ | 22 |
|  | Very dissatisfied | $10.9 \%$ | 24 |
|  | Totals: | $100.0 \%$ | 220 |

Demographic Comparisons - Cross-Tabulations Illustrated Graphically Higher Education - Satisfaction with Quality in the Fort Drum Area


Demographic Comparisons - Cross-Tabulations Including Tests of Significance


## Table 27 <br> Satisfaction with quality - Housing

Combined Results for All Participants

|  |  | Percentage | Frequency |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | Very satisfied | $8.2 \%$ | 18 |
|  | Somewhat satisfied | $23.2 \%$ | 51 |
| Housing - | Neither satisfied nor dissatisfied | $40.9 \%$ | 90 |
|  | Quality | Somewhat dissatisfied | $12.3 \%$ |
|  | Very dissatisfied | $15.5 \%$ | 34 |
|  | Totals: | $100.0 \%$ | 220 |

Demographic Comparisons - Cross-Tabulations Illustrated Graphically Housing - Satisfaction with Quality in the Fort Drum Area


Demographic Comparisons - Cross-Tabulations Including Tests of Significance


## Table 28 <br> Satisfaction with quality - Employment opportunities

Combined Results for All Participants

|  |  | Percentage | Frequency |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | Very satisfied | $8.2 \%$ | 18 |
| Employment | Somewhat satisfied | $19.5 \%$ | 43 |
| opportunities | Neither satisfied nor dissatisfied | $49.5 \%$ | 109 |
| Quality | Somewhat dissatisfied | $9.1 \%$ | 20 |
|  | Very dissatisfied | $13.6 \%$ | 30 |
|  | Totals: | $100.0 \%$ | 220 |

Demographic Comparisons - Cross-Tabulations Illustrated Graphically Employment Opportunities - Satisfaction with Quality in the Fort Drum Area


Demographic Comparisons - Cross-Tabulations Including Tests of Significance


\section*{| Table 29 | Satisfaction with quality - Childcare |
| :--- | :--- |}

Combined Results for All Participants

|  |  | Percentage | Frequency |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | Very satisfied | $6.4 \%$ | 14 |
|  | Somewhat satisfied | $11.0 \%$ | 24 |
| Childcare - | Neither satisfied nor dissatisfied | $71.6 \%$ | 156 |
| Quality | Somewhat dissatisfied | $4.6 \%$ | 10 |
|  | Very dissatisfied | $6.4 \%$ | 14 |
|  | Totals: | $100.0 \%$ | 218 |

Demographic Comparisons - Cross-Tabulations Illustrated Graphically
Childcare - Satisfaction with Quality in the Fort Drum Area


Demographic Comparisons - Cross-Tabulations Including Tests of Significance


## Section 3.7

Concerns with Future Civilian Career Transition

| Table 30 | SUMMARY - Potential concerns for transitioning soldiers as they exit the military |
| :--- | :--- |

Combined Results for All Participants


Table 31 "I know where to go to get assistance in furthering my career."
Combined Results for All Participants

|  |  | Percentage | Frequency |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | Strongly agree | $44.0 \%$ | 99 |
| I know where to go to | Somewhat agree | $35.1 \%$ | 79 |
| get assistance in | Neither agree nor disagree | $13.8 \%$ | 31 |
| furthering my career. | Somewhat disagree | $6.2 \%$ | 14 |
|  | Strongly disagree | $0.9 \%$ | 2 |
|  | Totals: | $100.0 \%$ | 225 |

Demographic Comparisons - Cross-Tabulations Illustrated Graphically
Potential Concerns - "I know where to go to get assistance in furthering my career."


Demographic Comparisons - Cross-Tabulations Including Tests of Significance


Table 32 "Fort Drum TAP prepared me to succeed in my transition out of the military."
Combined Results for All Participants

|  |  | Percentage | Frequency |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | Strongly agree | $34.5 \%$ | 78 |
| Fort Drum TAP | Somewhat agree | $37.2 \%$ | 84 |
| prepared me to | Neither agree nor disagree | $17.3 \%$ | 39 |
| succeed in my |  |  |  |
| transition out of the | Somewhat disagree | $5.3 \%$ | 12 |
| military. | Strongly disagree | $5.8 \%$ | 13 |
|  | Totals: | $100.0 \%$ | 226 |

Demographic Comparisons - Cross-Tabulations Illustrated Graphically Potential Concerns - "Fort Drum TAP prepared me to succeed in my transition out of the military."


Demographic Comparisons - Cross-Tabulations Including Tests of Significance


Table 33 "Fort Drum TAP prepared me for civilian living."
Combined Results for All Participants

|  |  | Percentage | Frequency |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | Strongly agree | $30.2 \%$ | 68 |
| Fort Drum TAP | Somewhat agree | $38.2 \%$ | 86 |
| prepared me for <br> civilian living. | Neither agree nor disagree | $18.2 \%$ | 41 |
|  | Somewhat disagree | $6.2 \%$ | 14 |
|  | Strongly disagree | $7.1 \%$ | 16 |
|  | Totals: | $100.0 \%$ | 225 |

Demographic Comparisons - Cross-Tabulations Illustrated Graphically
Potential Concerns - "Fort Drum TAP prepared me for civilian living."


Demographic Comparisons - Cross-Tabulations Including Tests of Significance


Table 34 "I feel that I have enough education to get the civilian career that I want."
Combined Results for All Participants

|  |  | Percentage | Frequency |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | Strongly agree | $19.1 \%$ | 43 |
| I feel that I have | Somewhat agree | $28.9 \%$ | 65 |
| enough education to | Neither agree nor disagree | $26.2 \%$ | 59 |
| get the civilian career | Somewhat disagree | $16.0 \%$ | 36 |
| that I want. | Strongly disagree | $9.8 \%$ | 22 |
|  | Totals: | $100.0 \%$ | 225 |

Demographic Comparisons - Cross-Tabulations Illustrated Graphically Potential Concerns - "I feel that I have enough education to get the civilian career that I want."


Demographic Comparisons - Cross-Tabulations Including Tests of Significance


Table 35 "I am concerned that finding a civilian career will be difficult."
Combined Results for All Participants

|  |  | Percentage | Frequency |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | Strongly agree | $7.1 \%$ | 16 |
| I am concerned that | Somewhat agree | $23.9 \%$ | 54 |
|  | Neither agree nor disagree | $22.6 \%$ | 51 |
|  | Somewhat disagree | $24.3 \%$ | 55 |
|  | Strongly disagree | $22.1 \%$ | 50 |
|  | Totals: | $100.0 \%$ | 226 |

Demographic Comparisons - Cross-Tabulations Illustrated Graphically Potential Concerns - "I am concerned that finding a civilian career will be difficult."


Demographic Comparisons - Cross-Tabulations Including Tests of Significance


## Section 3.8

Familiarity with Transitioning Soldiers Programs

| Table 36 | SUMMARY - Are you aware of each of the following Fort Drum programs, and if so, have you utilized |
| :--- | :--- | the program?

Combined Results for All Participants
Are you aware of each of the following Fort Drum programs, and if so, have you utilized the program?

| 0\% | 10\% | 20\% | 30\% | 40\% | 50\% | 60\% | 70\% | 80\% | 90\% | 100\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Career Skills Program - Vocational TrainingEmployee Readiness Program | 24\% |  | 65\% |  |  |  |  |  | 12\% |  |
|  | 22\% |  | 62\% |  |  |  |  |  | 16\% |  |
| Career Skills Program - Internships | 17\% |  | 74\% |  |  |  |  |  | 9\% |  |
| Onwards to Opportunity (020) | 10\% |  | 62\% |  |  |  |  | 28\% |  |  |
| Health Careers Army Pathways Program (HCAPP) | 9\% |  | 57\% |  |  |  | 34\% |  |  |  |
| ■ Aware, and have used. |  | Aware, but have not used. |  |  |  | No, not aware. |  |  |  |  |




\section*{| Table 38 | Familiarity and Utilization - Employee Readiness Program |
| :--- | :--- |}

Combined Results for All Participants

|  |  | Percentage | Frequency |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
|  | No, not aware. | $16.4 \%$ | 38 |
| Employee | Aware, but have not used. | $61.6 \%$ | 143 |
| Readiness | Aware, and have used. | $22.0 \%$ | 51 |
| Program | Totals: | $100.0 \%$ | 232 |

Demographic Comparisons - Cross-Tabulations Illustrated Graphically
Familiarity and Utilization - Employee Readiness Program









## Section 3.9

Helpfulness of Fort Drum Transitioning Soldiers Program

| Table 42 | SUMMARY - How helpful have each of these Fort Drum services been for you? |
| :--- | :--- |

Combined Results for All Participants


Combined Results for All Participants

|  |  | Percentage | Frequency |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | Very helpful | $60.1 \%$ | 140 |
| VA Benefits and <br> Services | Somewhat helpful | $27.9 \%$ | 65 |
|  | Not helpful at all | $6.9 \%$ | 16 |
|  | Did not use | $5.2 \%$ | 12 |
|  | Totals: | $100.0 \%$ | 233 |

Demographic Comparisons - Cross-Tabulations Illustrated Graphically Helpfulness of Fort Drum TAP Services - VA Benefits and Services


Demographic Comparisons - Cross-Tabulations Including Tests of Significance


Table 44 Helpfulness - Resume writing
Combined Results for All Participants

| Resume writing | Percentage | Frequency |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | Very helpful | $50.2 \%$ | 117 |
|  | Somewhat helpful | $30.5 \%$ | 71 |
|  | Not helpful at all | $5.2 \%$ | 12 |
|  | Did not use | $14.2 \%$ | 33 |
|  | Totals: | $100.0 \%$ | 233 |

Demographic Comparisons - Cross-Tabulations Illustrated Graphically


Demographic Comparisons - Cross-Tabulations Including Tests of Significance


Table 45 Helpfulness - Career Skills Program (CSP)
Combined Results for All Participants

|  |  | Percentage | Frequency |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | Very helpful | $44.8 \%$ | 104 |
| Career Skills | Somewhat helpful | $29.3 \%$ | 68 |
| Program (CSP) | Not helpful at all | $7.3 \%$ | 17 |
|  | Did not use | $18.5 \%$ | 43 |
|  | Totals: | $100.0 \%$ | 232 |

Demographic Comparisons - Cross-Tabulations Illustrated Graphically Helpfulness of Fort Drum TAP Services - Career Skills Program (CSP)


Demographic Comparisons - Cross-Tabulations Including Tests of Significance


Combined Results for All Participants

| My Education | Percentage | Frequency |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | Very helpful | $44.4 \%$ | 103 |
|  | Somewhat helpful | $30.2 \%$ | 70 |
|  | Not helpful at all | $6.0 \%$ | 14 |
|  | Did not use | $19.4 \%$ | 45 |
|  | Totals: | $100.0 \%$ | 232 |

Demographic Comparisons - Cross-Tabulations Illustrated Graphically


Demographic Comparisons - Cross-Tabulations Including Tests of Significance


Combined Results for All Participants

|  |  | Percentage | Frequency |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | Very helpful | $40.5 \%$ | 94 |
|  | Somewhat helpful | $34.9 \%$ | 81 |
|  | Not helpful at all | $7.8 \%$ | 18 |
|  | Did not use | $16.8 \%$ | 39 |
|  | Totals: | $100.0 \%$ | 232 |

Demographic Comparisons - Cross-Tabulations Illustrated Graphically
Helpfulness of Fort Drum TAP Services - Interviewing Skills


Demographic Comparisons - Cross-Tabulations Including Tests of Significance


## Table 48 <br> Helpfulness - College Application Prep

Combined Results for All Participants

|  |  | Percentage | Frequency |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | Very helpful | $37.8 \%$ | 88 |
| College <br> Application Prep | Somewhat helpful | $27.9 \%$ | 65 |
|  | Not helpful at all | $5.2 \%$ | 12 |
|  | Did not use | $29.2 \%$ | 68 |
|  | Totals: | $100.0 \%$ | 233 |

Demographic Comparisons - Cross-Tabulations Illustrated Graphically Helpfulness of Fort Drum TAP Services - College Application Prep


Demographic Comparisons - Cross-Tabulations Including Tests of Significance


Table 49 Helpfulness - Entrepreneurship (Boots to Business)
Combined Results for All Participants

|  |  | Percentage | Frequency |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | Very helpful | $27.2 \%$ | 63 |
| Entrepreneurship | Somewhat helpful | $23.3 \%$ | 54 |
| (Boots to |  |  |  |
| Business) | Not helpful at all | $7.3 \%$ | 17 |
|  | Did not use | $42.2 \%$ | 98 |
|  | Totals: | $100.0 \%$ | 232 |

Demographic Comparisons - Cross-Tabulations Illustrated Graphically Helpfulness of Fort Drum TAP Services - Entrepreneurship (Boots to


Demographic Comparisons - Cross-Tabulations Including Tests of Significance

|  |  |  | All Participating Exiting Soldiers |  | By Age |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Age 18-21 | Age 22-26 |  | Age 27-36 |  | Age 37+ |  |  |
|  | Very helpful |  |  |  | 27.2\% |  | 15.8\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | $31.3 \%$ a |  | 29.8\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  |  | 25.0\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  |
| Entrepren | Somewhat helpful |  | 23.3\% |  | $31.6 \%$ a |  | 20.8\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 21.1\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  |  | 18.8\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  |
| (Boots to | Not helpful at all Did not use |  | 7.3\% |  | 10.5\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | $8.3 \%{ }_{\mathrm{a}}$ |  | $1.8 \%{ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  | $6.3 \%$ |  |
| Business) |  |  | 42.2\% |  | 42.1\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | $39.6 \%$ a |  | 47.4\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  |  | 50.0\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  |
|  |  |  | 100.0\% |  | 100.0\% |  | 100.0\% |  | 100.0\% |  |  | 100.0\% |  |
| Sample Size |  |  | 232 |  | 57 |  | 96 |  | 57 |  |  | 16 |  |
|  |  | All Participating Exiting Soldiers |  | By Gender |  |  | By Education Level |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Males |  | Females | HSG or GED |  |  | Some College |  | College Degree$(2+\mathrm{YD})$$(2+Y D)$ |  |
|  | Very helpful | 27.2\% |  | 26.1\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 28.0\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ | 23.7\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  |  | 31.8\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 27.6\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  |
| Entrepreneurship | Somewhat helpful | 23.3\% |  | 25.6\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | $8.0 \%$ a |  | 28.2\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 16.7\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 17.2\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  |
| (Boots to | Not helpful at all | 7.3\% |  | $6.5 \%$ a |  | 8.0\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 7.6\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 4.5\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | $10.3 \%$ a |  |
| Business) | Did not use | 42.2\% |  | 41.7\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 56.0\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 40.5\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  | 47.0\%a |  | 44.8\% ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  |
|  | Total | 100.0\% |  | 100.0\% |  | 100.0\% | 100.0\% |  |  | 100.0\% |  | 100.0\% |  |
| Sample Size |  | 232 |  | 199 |  | 25 | 131 |  |  | 66 |  | 29 |  |

## Appendix <br> The Survey Instrument

